Public Citizen * Center for Accessible Technology * Citizens Action
Coalition * Citizens Coalition * Consumers Union * Energy Coordinating
Agency of Philadelphia * Friendship Foundation * Greenlining Institute
* Low-Income Energy Affordability Network * National Consumer Law
Center * NW Energy Coalition * Nuclear Information and Resource
Service * Ohio Partners for Affordable Energy * Public Utility Law
Project of New York * TURN—The Utility Reform Network * Vermont
Energy Investment Corporation * Virginia Citizens Consumer Council *
WA State Community Action Partnership * A World Institute for a
Sustainable Humanity (A W.I.S.H)

November 24, 2015

RE: Consumer Groups Oppose S. J. RES. 23 and S. J. Res. 24

Dear Representative,

We urge you to oppose S. J. RES. 23 and S. J. Res. 24. These resolutions would effectively repeal the EPA Clean Power Plan, which curbs carbon pollution from power plants. Opponents of the Clean Power Plan often argue that they are protecting consumers, but they are mistaken. The Clean Power Plan is good for consumers because it will mitigate climate change and can lower household electricity costs.

The Clean Power Plan will benefit consumers. Climate change poses a severe threat to American consumers and in particular to vulnerable populations. A few of the most salient risks include:

- higher taxes and market prices to cover the costs of widespread damage to property and infrastructure from extreme weather;
- diminished quality and higher prices for food and water, heightening food insecurity for America's most vulnerable populations; and
- increased illness and disease from extreme heat events, reduced air quality, increased foodborne, water-borne, and insect-borne pathogens.¹

By curbing carbon pollution, the Clean Power Plan will benefit consumers by mitigating these harms.

The Clean Power Plan should *lower* **consumer electricity bills.** The Clean Power Plan is likely to lower consumer costs, not raise them, because it will spur improvements in energy efficiency. Although electricity prices may rise modestly under the Plan, consumers will use less electricity. This should result in lower bills overall. The EPA projects that the rule will lower consumer bills by 7.0 to 7.7 percent by 2030.² A Public Citizen analysis of the proposed rule found that the EPA's projection of bill reductions was conservative because it overestimated the cost of efficiency

¹ See U.S. Global Change Research Program, Highlights of Climate Change Impacts in the United States: The Third National Climate Assessment 8–9, 12–13, 33–47 (2014).

² EPA, REGULATORY IMPACT ANALYSIS FOR THE CLEAN POWER PLAN FINAL RULE 3-40 (2015).

programs and underestimated how much progress the states can make on efficiency. These points remain valid with respect to the final rule, for which the EPA's analysis is similar.³ Consumer costs are likely to decline by more than the agency projects.

We strongly encourage members to support the Clean Power Plan and to oppose the resolutions disapproving it. Thank you for considering our views, and please feel free to contact David Arkush for further information at darkush@citizen.org or (202) 454-5132.

Sincerely,

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Charlie Harak, Attorney National Consumer Law Center, on behalf of its low-income clients

Michael Mariotte, President Nuclear Information and Resource Service

Wendy Gerlitz, Policy Director

³ See Public Citizen et al. Comments on Clean Power Plan, 7-10 (2014), http://pubc.it/1tT1Az2.

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